

#### **Disclaimer**



This presentation (the "Presentation") has been prepared and issued by the directors of Kore Potash plc ("Kore" or the "Company" and, together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"). By attending (whether in person or by telephone) or reading the Presentation, you agree to be bound by the conditions set out below.

The Presentation does not constitute or form part of, and should not be construed as investment advice or any offer or invitation to sell or issue, or any solicitation of any offer to purchase or subscribe for, any shares or other securities of the Company, nor shall it (or any part of it), or the fact of its distribution, form the basis of, or be relied on in connection with or act as any inducement to enter into, any contract whatsoever relating to any securities or financial instruments, acquisition or investment in the Company, or financial promotion. No person affiliated with the Company, its directors, officers, employees, affiliates, agents or advisers has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation not contained in the Presentation and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon.

The Presentation is provided solely for general information only and must not be used or relied upon for the purpose of making any investment decision or engaging in any investment activity. The information and opinions in the Presentation are provided as at the date of the Presentation (unless stated otherwise) and are subject to change without notice. The Presentation does not purport to contain all information that may be required to evaluate the Company and/or the Group. While such information is believed to be reliable for the purposes used in the Presentation, no reliance may be placed for any purpose whatsoever on the information or opinions contained or expressed in the Presentation or on the accuracy, completeness or fairness of such information and opinions.

All Mineral Resource and Ore Reserves are reported in accordance with the JORC Code (2012 edition). Numbers are rounded to the appropriate decimal place. Rounding 'errors' may be reflected in the "totals". The Kola Mineral Resource Estimate was reported 6 July 2017 in an announcement titled 'Updated Mineral Resource for the High-Grade Kola Deposit'. It was prepared by Competent Person Mr. Garth Kirkham, P.Geo., of Met-Chem division of DRA Americas Inc., a subsidiary of the DRA Group, and a member of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of British Columbia. The Dougou carnallite Mineral Resource estimate was reported on 9 February 2015 in an announcement titled 'Elemental Minerals Announces Large Mineral Resource Expansion and Upgrade for the Dougou Potash Deposit'. It was prepared by Competent Persons Dr. Sebastiaan van der Klauw and Ms. Jana Neubert, senior geologists and employees of ERCOSPLAN Ingenieurgesellschaft Geotechnik und Bergbau mbH and members of good standing of the European Federation of Geologists. The Dougou Extension sylvinite Mineral Resource Estimate is reported herein. Ms. Vanessa Santos, P.Geo. of Agapito Associates Inc., for the Exploration Results and Mineral Resources. Ms. Santos is a licensed professional geologist in South Carolina (Member 2403) and Georgia (Member 1664), USA, and is a registered member (RM) of the Society of Mining, Metallurgy and Exploration, Inc. (SME, Member 04058318). The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcements and, in the case of estimates of Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

Nothing in the Presentation is, or should be relied on as, a promise or representation as to the future. This Presentation includes statements that are, or may be deemed to be, "forward-looking statements". These forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, including the terms "believes", "estimates", "projects", "anticipates", "expects", "intends", "may", "will", or "should" or, in each case, their negative or other variations or comparable terminology, or by discussions of strategy, plans, objectives, goals, future events or intentions. These forward-looking statements include all matters that are not historical facts. They include, but are not limited to, statements regarding Kore's intentions, beliefs or current expectations concerning, among other things, the Group's financial position, business or proposed business, project development, further optimisation of the DFS, reserve or resource potential, exploration drilling, exploitation activities, corporate transactions and events or developments that the Company expects to occur. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond the Group's control. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and the actual results of the Group's operations and financial position may differ materially from those described in, or suggested by, the forward-looking statements contained in this Presentation. A number of factors could cause results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements in this Presentation including, without limitation, exploitation and exploration successes, market prices of potash, capital and operating costs, changes in project parameters as plans continue to be evaluated, continued availability of capital and financing, currency fluctuations, industry trends, competition, changes in political conditions, changes in regulation and general economic, market or

No representations, express or implied, are given in, or in respect of, the Presentation, including as to the fairness, accuracy or completeness of the contents of this Presentation or any other statement made or purported to be made in connection therewith, or that any of the forward-looking statements, projections or forecasts will come to pass or that any forecasted result will be achieved. To the fullest extent permitted by law, none of the Company, its subsidiaries or its or their respective directors, officers, employees, advisors or agents or any other person shall have any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising, directly or indirectly, from the use of the Presentation or its contents or otherwise arising in connection therewith. Except to the extent required by applicable law or regulation, none of the Company, its subsidiaries, or its or their respective directors, officers, employees, advisors or agents, or any other person undertakes or is under any duty to update the Presentation or to correct any inaccuracies in any such information which may become apparent or to provide you with any additional information.

The Presentation is not intended for distribution to, or use by, any person in any jurisdiction where such distribution or use would be contrary to local laws or regulations and therefore persons receiving this Presentation should inform themselves about and observe such restrictions

Any information contained in this Presentation that is derived from publicly available or third party sources has not been independently verified. No representation or warranty is made as to the accuracy, completeness or reliability of such information.

### **Country highlights**



- Developed offshore Oil & Gas industry with a history of investment from international companies
- OGovernment seeking new industries to diversify from oil reliance. Government openly supportive of mining. Mining code in line with Francophone Africa
- ② Bilateral investment treaty with the UK
- ① Joined the EITI in 2007 (Extractive Industry Transparency Initiative) and is fulfilling the broader objective of the EITI requirement
- President Denis: Sassou-Nguesso
- O Prime Minister: Clement Mouamba
- Oppulation 5.3 million
- ① Language: French
- ① Literacy: 80%
- GDP \$29.39 billion (2017 est.)
- ① Exports \$4.193 billion (2017 est.)

#### **Economy**

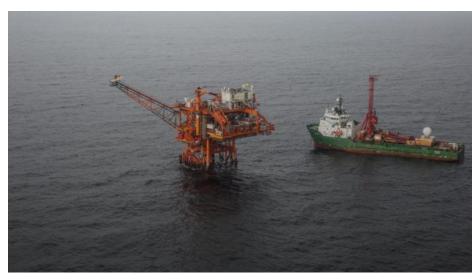


- July 2021: RoC and China announce MOU for national development plan 2022-2026
- Congo's largest export partners are China (53.8%), Angola (6.2%), and Gabon (5.7%)
- Oil accounts for over 90% of Congolese exports and 80% of government revenue
- 4<sup>th</sup> largest Sub-Saharan producer:
- Production 340,000bopd
- 1 Refinery in-country with 2<sup>nd</sup> \$600m refinery under construction
- Oil firms operating in RoC include:
  - Total since 1968 (French)
  - Perenco E&P (Anglo-French)
  - Eni since 1968 (Italian)
  - Chevron Overseas (USA)

# Republic of Congo building \$600-million refinery

**POINTE-NOIRE, February 24, 2021 –** Republic of Congo has launched construction of a USD 600-million refinery set to transform the country's downstream landscape.

Located near the city of Pointe-Noire, the Atlantic Petrochemical Refinery is expected to address the country's fuel shortage problem, with a capacity of 110,000 bpd once complete. It will also diversify Congolese exports away from crude oil.



ENI's Nené Marine Field



### **Electricity And Gas Supply Infrastructure In Place**

- New gas turbine power station with current capacity of 484MW (expanded from 314 Mw in 20019) situated at Pointe Noire, which is approximately 60km from the Kola project site
- Power station operated by CEC a joint venture between ENI and Congolese Government
- ENI own and operate onshore gas processing plant at Mboundi, which is approximately 75km from the Kola project
- 356 million Mm³ of processed natural gas is available to Kore Potash over 33 years of project life



Pic of "the Congo power station" taken from Eni's website:

https://www.eni.com/en-IT/operations/congo-energyaccess-project.html

#### **Brazzaville – First-Class Infrastructure**





- Maya Maya airport opened in 2010 at a cost of US\$160 million. A second phase was completed in 2013.
- 13 airlines operate national and international flights, including to Pointe-Noire and Paris



- The recently-built four-lane N1 highway links Brazzaville and Pointe-Noire
- The N1 was inaugurated in 2016 at a cost of €2
   billion as part of an agreement between the
   RoC and China









The '15 August 1960' Bridge



Downtown Brazzaville's skyline



Downtown Brazzaville



Looking over the Congo River towards Kinshasa

# FRE POTASH

#### Pointe-Noire - First-Class Infrastructure



- Antonio Agostinho Neto International Airport serves the city of pointe-Noire
- The airport is in the city itself, and is 3 kilometres inland from the Atlantic coast
- 10 airlines operate national and international flights, including to Brazzaville and Paris



- The road from Pointe-Noire to the Mine Site is tarmacked up to the town of Madingo Keyes. There is then a gravel road from Madingo Keyes to the Site. The total journey is around 2 hours.
- Pointe-Noire has a deep-water port facilitating international container and bulk shipping, and provides access to vessels of up to -15m draught.

### FROM THE GROUND UP

#### Pointe-Noire - First-Class Infrastructure



New Port Authority



Aéroport International Augustinho Neto



Gare de Pointe-Noire



Pointe-Noire City

# RE POTASH

### **Pointe-Noire Port Upgrades**

- Detween 2011 and 2013 Pointe-Noire's deep-water port was upgraded
- ① The rehabilitation work focused on the renovation and upgrading of the main infrastructure of the port and its adaptation to developments in containerized traffic, offering a draught of -15 m





#### Work included:

- Deepening of the channel to allow for larger vessels
- Expanding the area for container storage and protecting the area with slope protection works
- Installing a breakwater to deflect current away from the entrance channel and to act as a sand trap, extending the dredging interval in the channel from 2 to 5 years
- Extending the quay length and the upgrading of the current container quay

# Mining in RoC



- Nascent mining industry
  - OPrivate sector delineated globally significant deposits
    - Potash (LSE, JSE, ASX Kore Potash and Kanga Potash)
    - Phosphate (LSE Kropz plc)
    - Iron Ore
    - Gold
    - Copper
- ① Mature oil and gas industry
  - ENFI and Total have large investments
  - Multiple international companies producing oil and gas from off shore platforms
  - Onshore gas processing by ENFI



#### A History of Kore in RoC

The ESIA for the Kola Project is approved and the mining licence granted, following a 2012 PFS for 2 Mta production.

2013

The government of the ROC approves and signs the Mining Convention which governs the conditions of construction, operation and mine closure of the Kola Mining Licence and Dougou Mining Licence.

2013

2009

2016

A total of US\$95m is raised from a combination of existing shareholders, the State General Reserve Fund (SGRF), the Sovereign Wealth Fund in Oman and New York-listed Sociedad Quimica y Minera (SQM), to further progress the Sintoukola Project.

The Group focuses solely on conducting potash

exploration activities exclusively in the ROC at

the Sintoukola Project.

2017

A new exploration permit, covering an area of 294.4km² (Sintoukola 2), is awarded to the Company, adjoining the Dougou Mining Licence.

2018

# **Mining Convention**



- Mining Convention voted into law following ratification by the Parliament of the Republic of the Congo
- Mining royalty of 3% of Ex mine market value
- Reduced taxation rates following an initial tax holiday



Accommodation on-site

- The Congolese Government is supportive of the development of Kore's projects in the Sintoukola District
- They have demonstrated this through the approval of the required permits, including the Mining Convention which sets out the fiscal framework for all Kola and Dougou developments, the Kola and Dougou ESIA and Environmental permits and the Kola land acquisition process

#### **Favourable Asset Location**



- The geographical location of the Permit is extremely beneficial both in-country and globally, and simplifies the logistics required for both the construction and operation phases
- The farthest part is situated 35km from the coast and 90km from Pointe-Noire, the second largest city in the RoC
- O Pointe-noire is a fully operational deep-water port
- Multiple iron ore projects under development

Kola shaft and mine
Mining 7.1 Mt sylvinite per annum
Vertical conveying of ore to surface
Conveyance for men and equipment

